Using Application Passwords

History

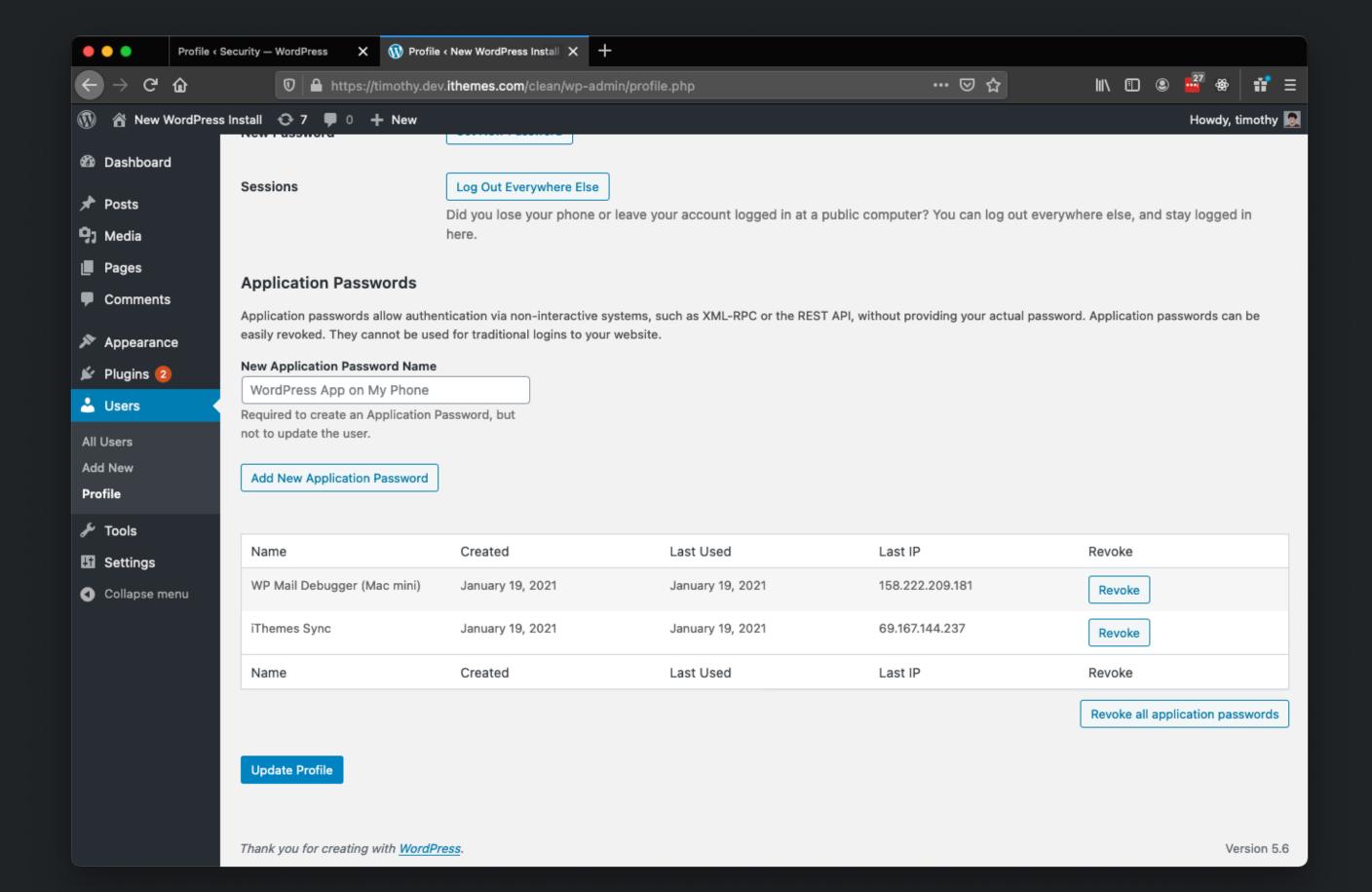
- XML/RPC always on since 3.5
 - Username & Password
- REST API content introduced in 4.7
 - Auth cookies
- Official/Unofficial REST API auth plugins
 - OAuth
 - JWT
 - App Passwords
- Plugins developed their own

Requirements

- Secure
- Interactive Auth
- Revokable
- Decentralized

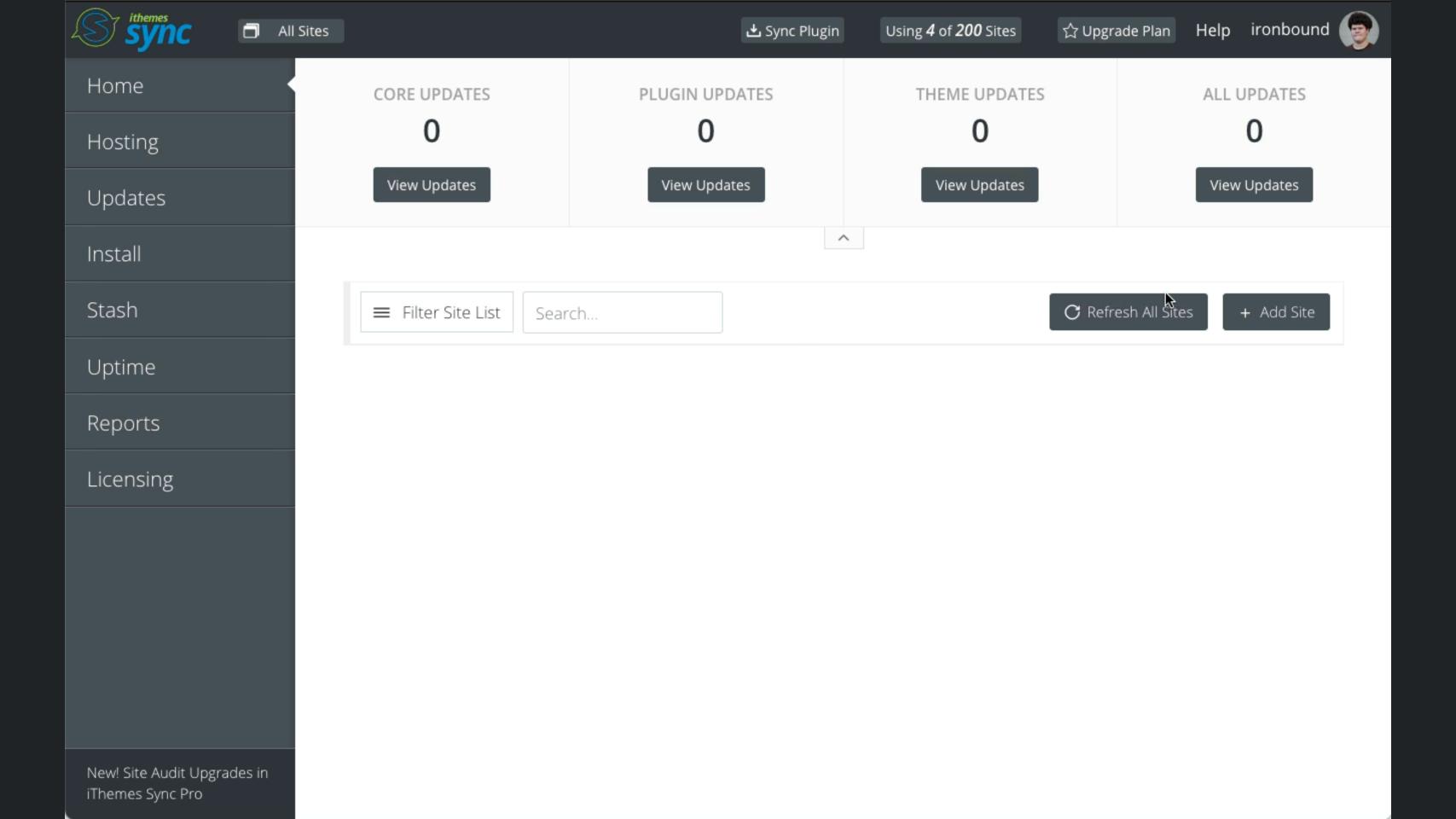
App Passwords

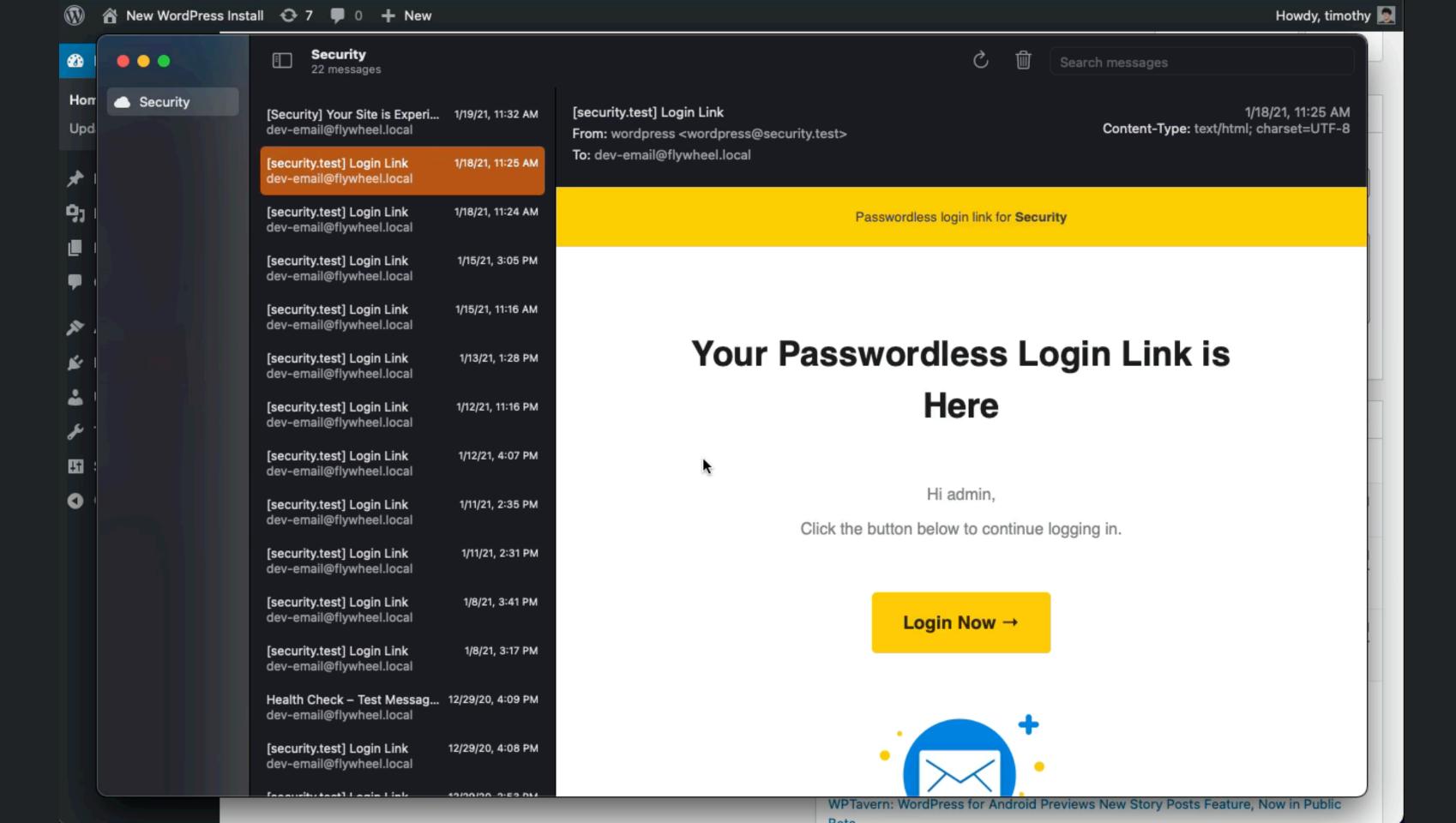
- Per-app passwords
- Can't be used to login
- Not brute forceable
- Basic Auth
- Profile UI
- Authorize Application UI

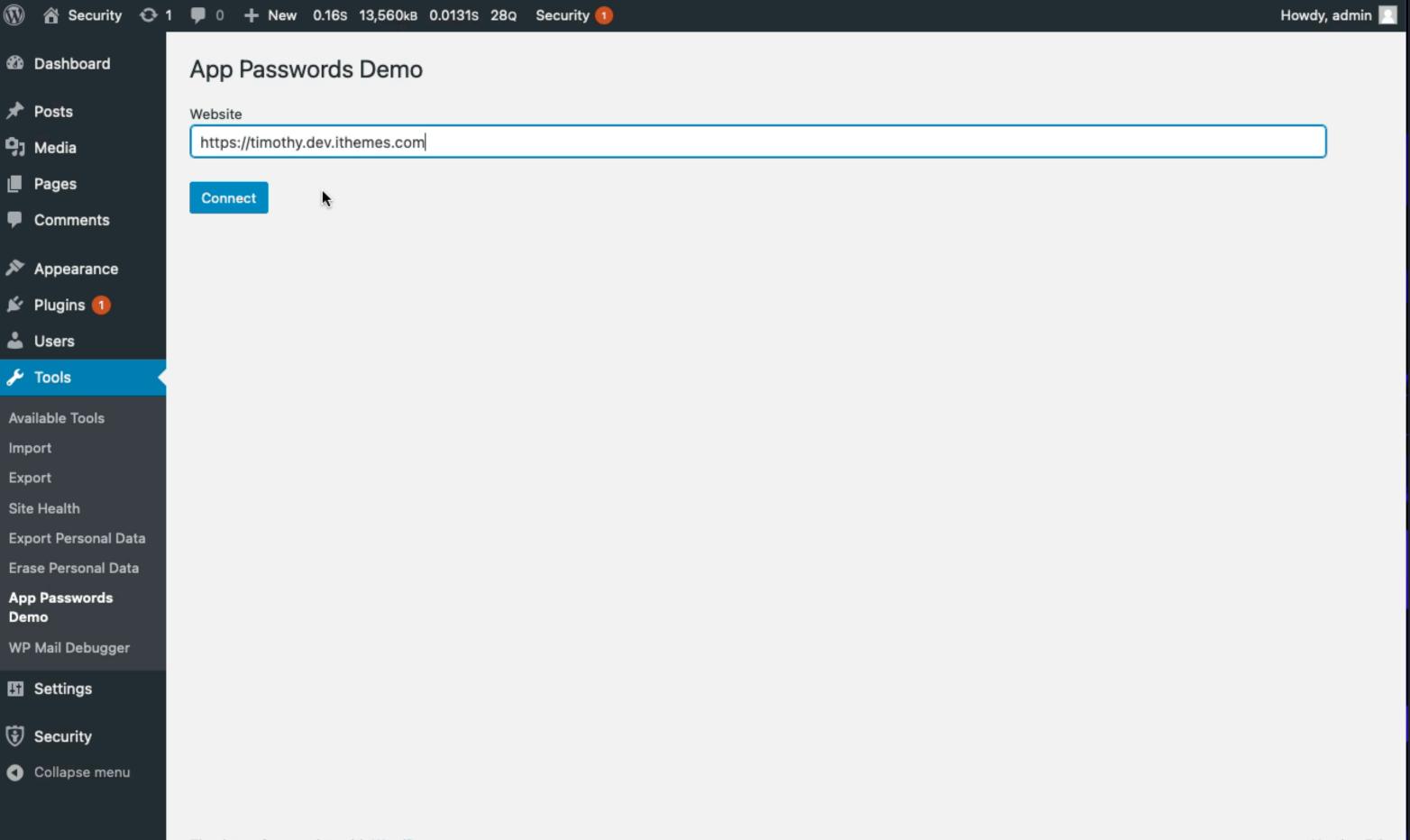


Use Cases

- Import/Export
- Desktop publishing
 - Mars Edit
- WordPress Mobile App
- 3rd party services
 - Zapier/IFTTT
- Plugin setup







Availability

- WordPress 5.6+
- SSL required

Authorization Flow

- 1. Collect Site URL
- 2. Discover REST API
- 3. Lookup index
- 4. Redirect to authentication.application-passwords.endpoints.authorization
- 5. Receive redirected user
- 6. Store credentials
- 7. Make authenticated requests

<u>developer.wordpress.org/rest-api/using-the-rest-api/discovery/</u>

wp-api/discovery

Link header with https://api.w.org relation.

```
Link: <a href="https://api.w.org/" rel="https://api.w.org/" rel="https:
```

link> element in the head.

```
<link rel="https://api.w.org/" href="http://trunk.test/
wp-json/" />
```

CORS will block reading the response.

http://trunk.test/index.php?rest_route=/

Lookup Index

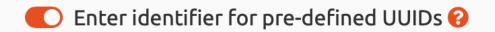
- Request the REST API root
- Grab site name or other details
- Lookup authentication.application-passwords

Lookup Index

```
"name": "My Site",
"timezone_string": "America/New_York",
"namespaces": [ "wp/v2" ],
"authentication": {
  "application-passwords": {
    "endpoints": {
      "authorization": "http://trunk.test/wp-admin/authorize-application.php"
```

App ID

- <u>uuidtools.com/v5</u>
- ns:DNS + domain name for your app
- ns:URL + URL for your app



ns:DNS - for domain names



Select pre-defined UUID identifier. We translate the selected identifier to the corresponding well-known UUID internally. Toggle the switch above to enter your own namespace UUID.

wpmaildebugger.com

Required. Name can be anything. The same namespace with the same name will always produce the same UUID.

Generate UUID C

Results:

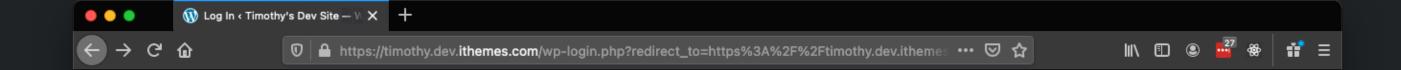
</>
Copy UUID

</>
Copy API Call

35b7de34-b0e0-53be-9f75-1404a667b41b

Redirect

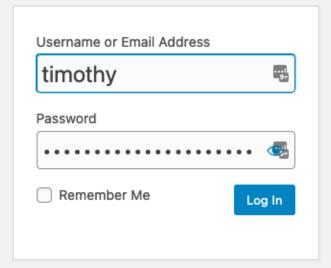
- app_name The name of your application. Shown to your users when they are authorizing your app. Can be changed.
- app_id A UUID identifying your application.
- success_url Where the user is redirected after approving the connection
- reject_url Optional. Where the user is redirected after rejecting the connection.





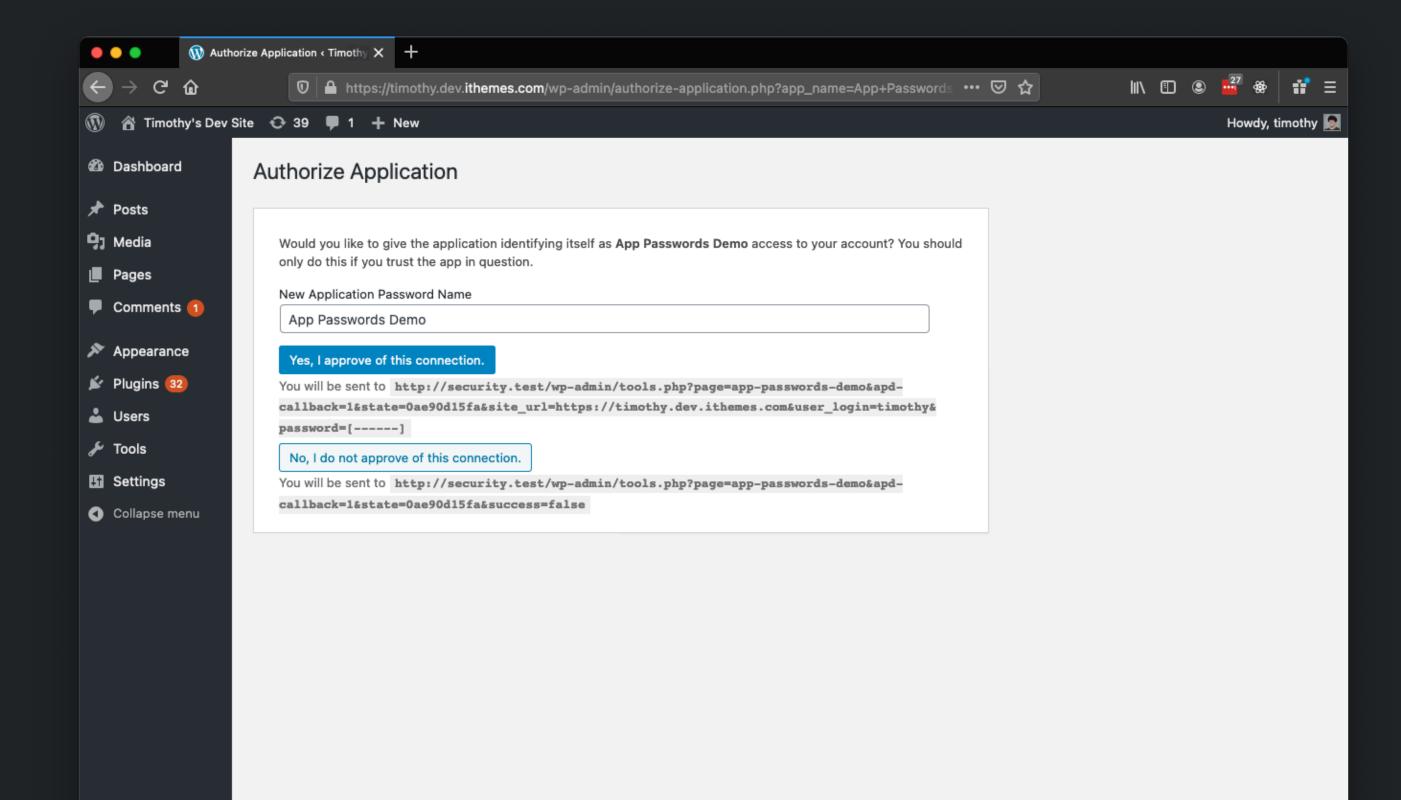
Please log in to Timothy's Dev Site to authorize

App Passwords Demo to connect to your
account.



Lost your password?

← Go to Timothy's Dev Site



Thank you for creating with WordPress.

Version 5.6

Handling the Redirect

- CSRF. Use a nonce.
- site_url The connected website's site_url()
- user_login The username of the user
- password The app password

Handling the Redirect

```
http://security.test/wp-admin/tools.php?
page=app-passwords-demo&
apd-callback=1&
state=0ae90d15fa&
site_url=https://timothy.dev.ithemes.com&
user_login=timothy&
password=[-----]
```

Handling the Redirect

abcd EFGH 1234 ijkl MNOP 6789

Credentials Storage

- App Passwords have the same permissions as the user.
- Must be stored securely.
- PHP <u>defuse/php-encryption</u>
- WordPress <u>sodium-compat</u>

Credentials Storage

Credentials Storage

Make Authenticated Requests

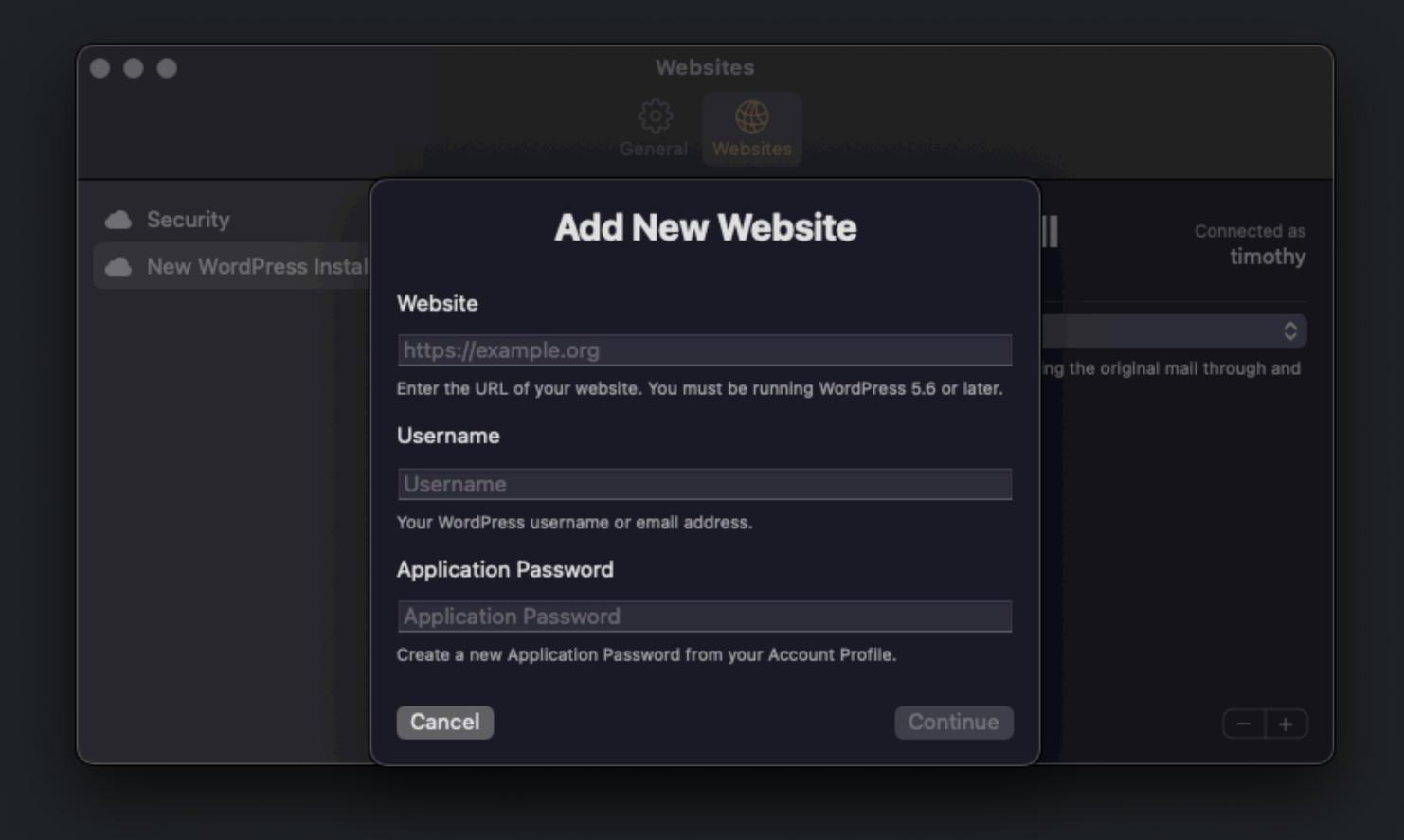
Basic Authentication

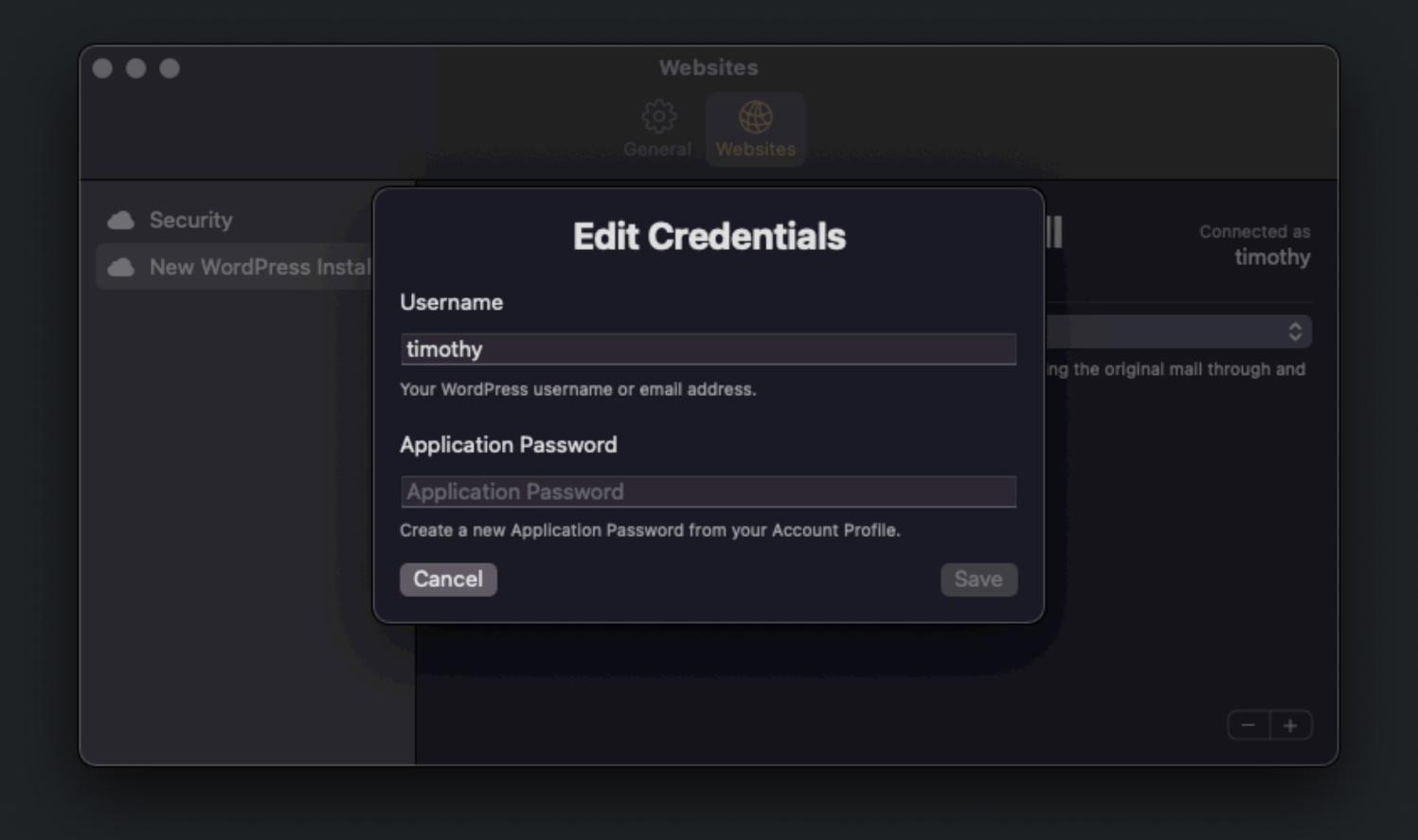
```
$auth = 'Basic ' . base64_encode( "{$username}:{$password}" );
$headers['Authorization'] = $auth;

const auth = 'Basic ' + btoa( username + ':' + password );
headers.Authorization = auth;
```

Keep in Mind

- Allow non-interactive authentication
- Editing credentials
- May be disabled for users
- Handle revocation (incorrect_password)
- Uninstall





The Authorize Application request is not allowed. The success url must be served over a secure connection. The rejection url must be served over a secure connection.

Application passwords are not available.

```
define( 'WP_ENVIRONMENT_TYPE', 'local' );
```

```
401 Unauthorized

fetch( url, {
    // ...
    credentials: 'omit'
} );
```

Your website appears to use Basic Authentication, which is not currently compatible with Application Passwords.

<u>#52066</u>

Roadmap

- **—** 5.7
 - Introspection
 - Fine Grained Capabilities
- -5.8
 - Capability Scoping

Resources

make.wordpress.org/core/2020/11/05/application-passwords-integration-guide/gist.github.com/TimothyBJacobs/94de611c0d36cec70249feac7cf3eda9